

## AKU Profile (serum)

<b>Description</b>	Profile used to monitor AKU patients on nitisinone
<b>Indication</b>	Investigation and monitoring of alkaptonuria
<b>Additional Info</b>	<p>Alkaptonuria is an autosomal recessive inborn error of metabolism caused by deficient activity of hepatic homogentisate-1,2-dioxygenase, which metabolises homogentisic acid (HGA) to maleylacetoacetic acid. The resulting block in phenylalanine metabolism causes accumulation of HGA, 4-hydroxyphenylpyruvic acid, tyrosine and other intermediates.</p> <p>The AKU profile encompasses tyrosine, phenylalanine, HGA, hydroxyphenyllactate, hydroxyphenylpyruvate and nitisinone.</p>
<b>Concurrent Tests</b>	None
<b>Dietary Requirements</b>	The patient need not be fasting, although this preferable and no special preparations are necessary.
<b>Interpretation</b>	The metabolic consequence of alkaptonuria is elevated HGA in plasma (typically 40 $\mu\text{mol/L}$ ; normally undetectable in health) and urine (300-fold to millimolar excretion; again undetectable in non-AKU).
<b>Collection Conditions</b>	<p>Serum samples need to be deproteinised with perchloric acid. Please contact laboratory for protocol and information.</p> <p>If procedure is not possible, then serum should be separated and frozen immediately. Samples should be transported frozen.</p>
<b>Frequency of testing</b>	As required