α2-Macroglobulin	
Description	Protease inhibitor with broad spectrum of activity.
Indication	No specific use but may be used to assess serum dilution
Additional Info	This test is not performed by the Blood Sciences Laboratory but is sent to a reference laboratory for analysis. $\alpha 2$ -macroglobulin is produced by the liver and is a major component of the $\alpha 2$ band in protein electrophoresis. Functions as an: Inhibitor of coagulation by inhibiting thrombin Inhibitor of fibrinolysis by inhibiting plasmin and kalikrein. Long standing renal failure can lead to amyloid (insoluble protein aggregate formation) by $\alpha 2$ -macroglobulin.
Concurrent Tests	N/A
Dietary Requirements	N/A
Interpretation	Increased concentrations are seen in nephrotic syndrome, liver disease, ataxia telangiectasia, diabetes, oestrogen therapy and pregnancy. Decreased concentrations are measured in proteolytic diseases such as in acute pancreatitis and fibrinolysis. Decreased concentrations also measured in pre-eclampsia without overt proteinuria.
Collection Conditions	N/A
Frequency of testing	As required

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