

## Bicarbonate (Serum)

<b>Description</b>	Part of U&E Profile
<b>Indication</b>	Bicarbonate determination is useful in interpreting acid-base status.
<b>Additional Info</b>	<p>Total CO<sub>2</sub> is measured in lieu of serum bicarbonate. This includes the serum bicarbonate and additional forms of CO<sub>2</sub> (i.e. dissolved CO<sub>2</sub> and carbonic acid).</p> <p>Generally, serum bicarbonate is 95% of total CO<sub>2</sub>.</p>
<b>Concurrent Tests</b>	Arterial blood gas
<b>Dietary Requirements</b>	N/A
<b>Interpretation</b>	<p>Serum bicarbonate is a measured determination whereas a blood gas machine reports a standard bicarbonate calculated from pH and pCO<sub>2</sub> using the Henderson-Hasselbalch equation.</p> <p>Differences may occur between serum bicarbonate and standard bicarbonate due to venous and arterial variation and the additional forms of dissolved CO<sub>2</sub> measured in the serum bicarbonate assay.</p> <p>Decreased in metabolic acidosis (e.g. DKA) and in compensation of respiratory alkalosis (over breathing).</p> <p>Raised in metabolic alkalosis and in compensated respiratory acidosis.</p> <p>May be an artefactual decrease in serum bicarbonate when samples are delayed in transit or are of small volume (due to loss of CO<sub>2</sub> into atmosphere).</p>
<b>Collection Conditions</b>	N/A
<b>Frequency of testing</b>	As required