Faecal elastase	
Description	Pancreatic elastase enzyme detection is a test for exocrine pancreatic function. Stools must be formed; a watery sample is not suitable.
Indication	Non-invasive test to assess exocrine pancreatic function in cystic fibrosis and other pancreatic deficiencies such as chronic pancreatitis, diabetes, chronic IBD, gallstones and pancreatic cancer.
Additional Info	Elastase is a pancreatic enzyme which breaks down connective tissue. During transit through the gut it does not undergo any significant degradation; therefore in faeces it represents a useful marker of pancreatic insufficiency. Caution should be applied in newborns as the enzyme is not fully developed.
	The test is not useful in identifying mild disease, since more than 98% of the exocrine pancreatic function is usually lost before symptoms and signs of fat malabsorption are manifest.
Concurrent Tests	N/A
Dietary Requirements	N/A
Interpretation	Reference ranges (µg/gstool):
	 Normal >200 Exocrine pancreatic insufficiency<200. Values less than 200 suggest the need for enzyme
	replacement in exocrine pancreatic deficiency.
	The enzyme levels are very low or undetectable in cystic fibrosis.
Collection Conditions	N/A
Frequency of testing	Minimum retesting interval 6 months
	[ACB recommendations-National Minimum Re-testing Interval Project (2013)]

Date: 20/08/2014

Version 2 Document agreed by: Anna Milan